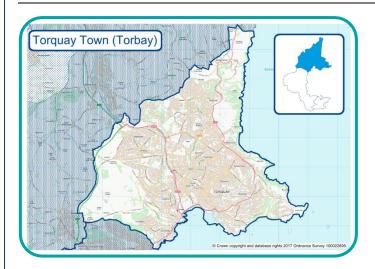
AN OVERVIEW OF TORQUAY – 2018/20



The purpose of this profile is to give an overview of the needs of the 5-24 years population of Torquay. This is to provide a local summary of key statistics to help understand the population and improve outcomes.

For profiles of other local geographies and/or age groups please visit: www.southdevonandtorbay.info.

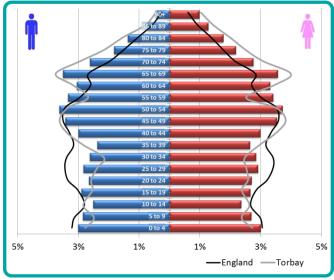


Headlines* (children 5-24 years compared to Torbay and CIPFA nearest neighbours):

- There are more children living in poverty;
- More children are eligible for free school meals (due to lower family income);
- More children live in lone parent households;
- Over 1 in 5 children have a special educational need or disability in Torquay;
- More children provide unpaid care;
- There are higher rates of domestic abuse where children are present;
- Levels of support from statutory children's services are higher in Torquay;
- There are more safeguarding hub queries;
- Less children achieve 5+ (A*-C) GCSEs including English and Maths;
- Emergency self-harm admissions are higher;
- Emergency, elective and ambulance admissions to hospital are higher.

In 2015 there were around 14,150 young people aged 5-24 living in Torquay (around 21% of the total Torquay population). Compared to Torbay, Torquay generally has a younger population as shown in Figure 1.

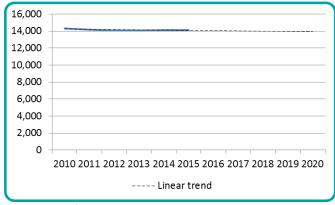
Fig 1: Population distribution of Torquay



Source: ONS mid-year population estimates 2015

In general, the 5-24 years population has remained fairly static over the years and is expected to continue to do so in the future as shown in Figure 2 below.

Fig 2: Population trend over time



Source: ONS mid-year estimates 2010-15

^{*}For more info see the spine chart on page 2.

DEVELOPING WELL (5-24 YEARS)

AN OVERVIEW OF TORQUAY - 2018/20



How to read the profile below: The black line running down the middle of the spine chart is the Torbay average, the circles (to the left or right) are the Torquay value, compared to the Torbay average. The pink diamonds represent the CIPFA nearest neighbour's average. The colours are explained in the key below.

Indicator	Measure	Area	CIPFA	England		Torbay	
Demography							
Mortality (2010-16)	DSR	19.2	19.1	19.3	6	•	49.4
Children in low income famillies (2014)	%	24.3	20.1	19.9	11.4	* •	37.3
Children eligible for free school meals (FSM) (2014-16)	%	19.0	14.2	15.2	7.4	* •	31.5
Dependants living in a lone parent household (2011)	%	38.7	31.6	30.8	24.2	• •	46.3
Teenage conceptions (2014-16)	Rate	31.1	24.8	22.7	3.2	• •	54.8
Social care and support							
Special educational needs and disabilities (2014-16)	%	21.2	16.0	15.9	14.2	•	32.5
Unpaid carers (2011)	%	3.3	2.7	2.5	1.8	• 0	4.5
First time entrants to youth justice system (2013-15)	Rate	-	346.1	368.3	0 🛑	• I	0
Domestic abuse where children are present (14/15-16/17)	Rate	18.8	-	-	5.1 ♦	•	31.4
Children in need (2014-16)	Rate	510.8	364.2	322.0	268.2	•	821
Children with child protection plans (2014-16)	Rate	57.9	47.6	40.4	8.2	• •	114.
Looked after children (2014-16)	Rate	88.7	71.8	59.9	25	* D	186.
Torbay safeguarding hub queries (2014-16)	Rate	229.6	-	-	92.8 🔷		349.
Wider determinants							
Key stage 2 meeting expected standard (2016)	%	50.5	53.3	53.8	36.2	4 •	61.2
GCSE achieved (5A*-C inc. English & Maths) (14/15-16/17)	%	47.3	57.0	57.5	36.5	• •	63.9
Pupil absence (14/15-16/17)	%	4.6	4.4	4.3	3.3	• •	5.9
Not in education, employment or training (NEETS) (2014-16)	%	-	5.0	4.7	0 🛑	1.	0
Claiming Jobseekers Allowance/Universal Credit (2015-17)	%	3.2	3.1	2.3	1.1	•	4.9
Health and service usage							
Prevalence of excess weight (14/15-16/17)	%	33.3	33.1	33.6	23.4	•	43.9
Prevalence of regular smokers (2009-12)	%	11.0	9.5	8.8	7.9	• I •	14.3
HPV vaccination coverage (14/15-16/17)	%	80.0	86.3	85.1	71.3	0	♦ 86.8
Chlamydia detection (14/15-16/17)	Rate	-	2,258.0	1,943.9	0 🛑	•I	0
Dental extraction due to caries (14/15-16/17)	%	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.5	•	1.2
Unitentional and deliberate injuries (14/15-16/17)	Rate	180.8	133.1	111.8	104	• •	260.
Emergency self-harm admissions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	1,194.3	531.8	407.1	265.6	• •	2,89
Alcohol-specific admissions (14/15-16/17)	Rate	45.8	49.7	34.1	13.6	○	129.
Urgent care attendances (14/15-16/17)	DSR	44,668.6	41,612.8	36,882.7	37,162.5	• 1	52,4
Emergency non-elective admissions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	7,881.0	5,737.0	4,983.7	5,015.5		9,72
Elective admissions (14/15-16/17)	DSR	7,495.3	5,982.2	5,340.5	5,411.3	•	8,40
Ambulance 'see and convey' to hospital (14/15-16/17)	DSR	7,420.0	_	_	3,350 ♦		14,6

Indicator notes:

- Directly age standardised rate (DSR) of all-cause mortality per 100,000 population [PCMD; ONS]
- % <20yrs living in families in receipt of Child Tax Credit whose reported income is less than 60% of the median income or in receipt of IS or JSA [HMRC]
- 3. % of children eligible for free school meals (FSM) [Torbay UA]
- % of youngest dependent child (5-18yrs) living in a lone parent household [CENSUS]
- 5. Rate of teenage conceptions per 1,000 female pop aged 15-17yrs [TSDFT; PHE]
- 6. % of children (5-19yrs) with statements/EHCPs or SEN Support [Torbay UA; DfE]
- 7. % of unpaid carers (care 1+hrs per week) under 25 years [CENSUS]
- Rate of 10-17yrs receiving first reprimand, warning or conviction per 100,000 population [PHE]
- Rate of domestic abuse crimes with children present per 1,000 <19 yrs. population. [Local Police Minimum Dataset (Torbay UA); ONS]
- 10. Rate of children in need (<19yrs) per 1,000 pop <19yrs [Torbay UA; ONS; DfE]
- Rate of children on child protection plans (<19yrs) per 1,000 population <19yrs [Torbay UA; ONS; DfE]
- 12. Rate of looked after children (<19yrs) per 1,000 pop <19y [Torbay UA; ONS; DfE]

- Rate of safeguarding queries for children <19yrs per 1,000 pop <19y [MASH; ONS]
- 14. % of Key Stage 2 meeting expected in reading, writing & maths [Torbay UA]
- 15. % of GCSEs achieved (%A*-C including English and maths) [Torbay UA]
- 16. % of possible school sessions with an unauthorised or authorised absence [DfE]
- 17. % of 16-18yrs not in education, employment or training [PHE]
- 18. % (16-24yrs) claiming Job Seekers Allowance [DWP, ONS]
- % of children (10-11yrs) who are overweight or very overweight [Torbay UA; PHE]
- 20. % of children (15yrs) who are regular smokers [Way Survey, PHE]
- 21. % of girls (13-14yrs) who received second dose of HPV vaccine [TSDFT; PHE]
- 22. Rate of chlamydia detection per 100,000 aged 15-24yrs [PHE]
- 23. % aged 5-18yrs with a hospital dental extraction due to caries [HES- NHSD; ONS]
- 24. Rate of admissions for injuries per 100,000 5-18yrs pop [HES-NHSD; ONS]
- 25. DSR of emergency self-harm admissions per 100,000 10-24yrs [HES-NHSD; ONS)
- 26. Rate of alcohol specific admissions per 100,000 <18yrs [HES-NHSD; ONS; PHE]
- 27. DSR of ED & MIU attendances per 100,000 5-24yrs pop [HES- NHSDigital; ONS]
- DSR of emergency admissions per 100,000 5-24yrs pop [HES- NHSDigital; ONS]
 DSR of elective admissions per 100,000 5-24yrs population [HES- NHSD; ONS]
- 0. DSR of ambulance call outs taken to hospital per 100,000 5-24yrs [SWAST; ONS]